Screening/Scoping Pro Forma

Section	Elec			r responsible for reening/scoping		Lynda Murlewski Electoral Services Manager			
Name of Policy to be assessed Electoral Registration			Date of Assessment		/08	Is this a proposed new or existing policy/procedure/practice?	Existing		
1. Briefly describe the aims, objectives and purpose of the policy/procedure/practice?			To comply with all statutory deadlines and requirements for the publication of the revised version of the Electoral Register on 1 st December and all monthly amendments under rolling registration from 1 st January to 1 st September each year. To produce both full and edited registers regarding the above plus a list of Overseas voters.						
2. Are there any associated or specific objectives of the policy/procedure/practice? Please explain.			To ensure that the Electoral Registers are as accurate as possible on publication, by giving everyone in the Borough clear information and ample opportunity to register if they are eligible to do so.						
3. Who is intended to benefit from this policy and in what way?			All eligible residents in the Guildford Borough Council area i.e. British, Commonwealth, Irish and all European Union citizens. Also eligible Service and Overseas electors and electors with Declarations of Local Connection - all in terms of their voting rights. All recipients of the full electoral registers – political parties (national and local parties), credit reference agencies, court service, Electoral Commission, Boundary Commission, British Library, Members (own wards only), Parish Councils. All recipients of the edited electoral registers (which are sold) – anyone who wants them.						
4. What outcomes are wanted from this policy/procedures/practice?			Complete an accurate local government and parliamentary electoral registers.						
5. What factors/forces could contribute/detract from the outcomes?				Elector interest in democracy or apathy with the political process. Elector interest in keeping their credit referencies up to date.					

A wish to avoid jury service.
An incorrect assumption that if you are paying Council Tax then you are automatically
on the electoral register.
A wish to remain 'hidden' from the Council or refusal to disclose details in terms of not
supplying any personal data.
Electors unwilling or unable to complete forms or register 'no changes' by internet or
telephone.

6. Who are the main stakeholders in relation to the policy?	All eligible electors, political Members, parish councils, Commission, Boundary Coreference agencies, court s	Elec mmi	toral ssior	n, credit	7. Who implements the policy, and who is responsible for the policy?	Central government implement the policy under statute (Acts and Regulations) and the council's Electoral Registration Officer is responsible for implementation.			
8. Are there concerns the have a differential impa			N	paperwoi	ere there could be a language	barrier in understanding the			
have a differential impact on racial groups? What existing evidence (either presumed or otherwise) do you have for this?				Where appropriate, other councils use multi lingual leaflets to assist people with registration, however there is no perceived need for this given the demographics of the population of Guildford.					
9. Are there concerns the have a differential impa			N Any member of a household can sign an annual canvass form. During rolling registration each member of the household is responsible for individually signing their own section of the form.						
What existing evidence (either presumed or otherwise) do you have for this?			This is mainly presumed evidence and because we receive forms signed by both men and women. It is up to each household to elect which person in the household signs the canvass form and in our experience it is normally the person who is better at paperwork.						
10. Are there concerns have a differential impa		Y		unavoida		obtained and therefore paperwork is r those with learning difficulties lp during the annual canvass.			
What existing evidence otherwise) do you have	•				lties with forms tend to leave t phone calls asking for help lat	his annual task to the last minute and er on in the canvass process.			
11. Are there concerns have a differential impaorientation?			N						
What existing evidence otherwise) do you have		No	ne b	ut cannot	see how this would be a probl	em.			
12. Are there concerns	that the policy <u>could</u>	Υ		Possible	difficulty with older people hav	ring to complete forms or register 'no			

have a differential impact due to their age?	changes' on the telephone or internet. Under-registration of young people due to parents forgetting to register them or general apathy in wanting to register to vote.
What existing evidence (either presumed or otherwise) do you have for this?	Some phone calls to the office requesting assistance (a Helpline number is provided to the public). Occasionally young voters turn up at the polling station to find they are not on the register. Also aware that our young voter (rising 18) figures are low compared to the demographics of the area.
13. Are there concerns that the policy <u>could</u> have a differential impact due to their religious belief?	N N
What existing evidence (either presumed or otherwise) do you have for this?	No evidence to suggest this might be a problem.
14. Are there concerns that the policy could have a differential impact due to them having dependants/caring responsibilities?	N
What existing evidence (either presumed or otherwise) do you have for this?	Annual canvass forms can be completed and signed by a member of the household, friend, neighbour or anyone who is willing to verify that the information given is correct.
15. Are there concerns that the policy <u>could</u> have a differential impact due to them have an offending past?	N
What existing evidence (either presumed or otherwise) do you have for this?	Only those currently convicted of offences and in prison are unable to go onto the electoral registers.
16. Are there concerns that the policy could have a differential impact due to them being	N N

Transgender or transsexual?								
What existing evidence (either presumed or otherwise) do you have for this?					evio	dence but cannot see that this would be a problem.		
identified in 8-16 amount to there being the potential for adverse is prescribed in this				e main area of impact is on those who find it difficult to understand and/or complete betwork due to age or learning difficulties. However, the policy is a statutory one and we therefore obliged to carry it out according to current legislation. The annual canvass form rescribed in law or to like effect and we try to make it as clear as possible. Additionally an lanatory leaflet is included (non-statutory).				
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18. Can this adverse impact be justified on the grounds of promoting equality of opportunity for one group? Or any other reason?		N	The above adverse impact is as a result of Government legislation in the need to complete forms in order to register to vote.					
Business improvement						I in which to complete the door to door canvassing would be ideal but to the tight timing of the annual canvass.		
19. Is there any concern that there are unmet needs in relation to any of the above groups?		N	change	s in	legi			
20. Does differential impact or unmet need cut across the equality strands (e.g. elder BME				d di	sabi	lity could be a joint problem.		

groups)?			
21. If yes, should the full EIA be conducted jointly with another service area/contractor/partner/agency?	N	Not applicable	
22. Is there a missed opportunity to improve your business in relation to any of the policies, procedures or practices to promote racial, gender, disability, age, sexual orientation, religion or belief equality?		Part of the service plan target is to encourage 'hard to reach' groups to register to woost difficult part of this is identifying those groups and the limited time and resourchave in spending time with them. Those we have in mind to target are groups with council's Access Group and schools/colleges but the latter is particularly time cons has not resulted in any measurable level of registration. Current resource is 3 full the equivalent posts in the section looking after the annual registration of 101,000 elections.	ces we in the uming and ime
			No
24. If No. are there any charges		. We need to ensure we are fully staffed in order to be able to devete time to issue	
24. If No, are there any changes required to the policy to improve it around the equality agenda?		We need to ensure we are fully staffed in order to be able to devote time to issues around the equalities agenda as listed in 22. above	

Signed (completing officer)	Date October 2008
Signed (Head of Section)	Date
Countersigned (HR representative)	Date November 2008.